Rehabilitation Programs Branch

LIVING WITHOUT VIOLENCE





WHO IS THIS PROGRAM FOR?

In line with best practice, Living Without Violence (LWV) is delivered to sentenced prisoners and offenders who are assessed as being at moderate risk of violent re-offending, and have a moderate level of rehabilitative need.



WHY DO WE DO THIS WORK?

To contribute to public safety by giving offenders the skills to manage their thoughts and emotions, and improve their ability to deal with problem situations.

To prevent the creation of future victims by giving offenders the skills to manage situations in non-violent, pro-social ways.



HOW DOES IT WORK?

Research has demonstrated that offender rehabilitation programs are effective at reducing the risk of re-offending.

Outcomes for participants are monitored through ongoing evaluation to ensure that LWV is effective at reducing the risk of violent re-offending.

Providing rehabilitation to offenders is a costeffective strategy with important benefits for society; if fewer people become victims of crime, the associated costs from police and court contact, the long-term costs of imprisonment, and costs to the health system and employers, can be reduced.



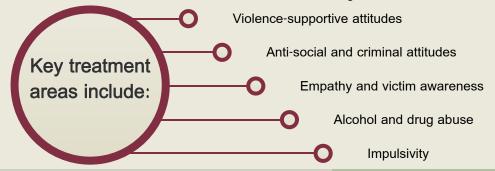




WHAT IS THIS PROGRAM?

Living Without Violence (LWV) is part of the suite of DCS rehabilitation programs, and has been designed specifically for offenders with a moderate risk of violent reoffending.

The program uses psychological techniques such as cognitive behavioural therapy, mindfulness, and distress tolerance to address the values, attitudes, emotions and behaviours that contribute to violent offending.





WHAT HAPPENS AFTER THE PROGRAM?

LWV participants continue to receive case management from DCS after completing a program. This includes identifying appropriate supports to assist them to reintegrate into the community, and developing targeted risk-management strategies to ensure compliance with any conditions set by the Parole Board or the Courts.

"It was thought-provoking and helpful. I was able to identify my cognitive distortions which helped me understand my offending history, and begin to develop safe behaviour."



Department for Correctional Services